



COVID-19 Vaccination Uptake in Ireland Weekly Report Spring Campaign 2024

Week ending Sunday 2nd June 2024

Latest Summary Statistics Absolute Numbers of COVID-19 Spring 2024 Campaign Doses and Percentage Uptake of the Census 2022 Population between 01/03/2024 and 02/06/2024, midnight

			No. Booster doses as % Uptake
Age Group	No. Booster Doses	Census 2022 Population	Census 2022 Population
5-11yrs	39	491930	0.01
12-69yrs	15450	3823623	0.40
70-79yrs	41896	357144	11.73
80+yrs	69157	181027	38.20

Spring 2024 COVID-19 Campaign Target Groups



- The COVID-19 Spring 2024 vaccination campaign officially began on 22/04/2024, but for the purposes of presenting a summary account of the uptake, the investigation period has been set at 01/03/2024.
- The administration of vaccine doses follows the guidelines set down by the National Immunisation Advisory Committee (NIAC), which are available here at https://rcpi.access.preservica.com/uncategorized/IO_43750ce7-2657-44a3-9e2b-48d245f0fc4d/.
- The primary target groups of the Spring COVID-19 2024 vaccine campaign include:
 - those aged 80 years and older;
 - those living in long term care facilities for older adults;
 - those aged 5 years and older with immunocompromise associated with a suboptimal response to vaccination and
 - those aged 70 to 79 years are not a primary target group, but this age cohort, following discussion with a health care provider (e.g., GP, pharmacist or vaccination centre) can request the vaccine.
- For pregnant women, a single primary vaccination dose is recommended. A booster dose is recommended all year and is not seasonal and can be given if it is more than six months since their previous dose or infection at any stage in pregnancy. The booster is ideally given between 20-34 weeks' gestation. If it is more than 12 months since their previous COVID-19 vaccine or infection administration earlier in pregnancy should be considered.
- For health care workers who were not previously vaccinated, a single primary dose is recommended. A booster dose is not recommended as part of the Spring COVID-19 2024 vaccine campaign unless immunocompromised.

Vaccination status definitions and primary and booster courses completed

- Over the course of a campaign, the vaccination status of individuals can change. For COVID-19 vaccination, individuals must first
 complete their primary course treatment before being offered a booster dose. Currently, the inter dose period (since last vaccine dose
 or SARS-CoV-2 infection) is six months, although in exceptional circumstances a minimum interval of three months may be used.
 Furthermore, completion of a primary course requires receiving one or more primary doses depending in part on the
 immunocompromised status.
- In broad terms, there are two main vaccination courses: a primary course with primary doses and a booster course with booster doses.
 On the IIS COVID-19 dashboard, there features a third 'additional' course, where an additional dose is offered to those who are immunocompromised to complete their primary course treatment. For the purposes of reporting here, an additional dose is categorised as a primary dose.
- The number of individuals who have not yet competed their primary course treatment or who have, or who have completed a booster course is determined by a combination of factors: dose type (primary and booster), age and immunocompromised status at the time of vaccination administration. The colour coded Table A below illustrates how the total counts of primary and booster courses are calculated from the different combinations of dose types, age (6 months to 4 years or 5 years of age or older) and immunocompromised status details.
- Table A How counts of completed primary and booster courses are calculated based on combination of dose type, age and immunocompromised status at time of last vaccination of individuals

		6 months-4 years of age &		
	Last Dose	Immunocompromised Status	5+ years of age &	5+ years of age &
Last Dose Course	Classification/Type	Not Differentiated	Not Immunocompromised	Immunocompromised
Primary Course	Primary Dose 1	Not Primary Course Completed	Primary Course Completed	Not Primary Course Completed
Primary Course	Primary Dose 2	Primary Course Completed	Primary Course Completed	Primary Course Completed
Primary Course	Primary Dose 3	Primary Course Completed	Primary Course Completed	Primary Course Completed
Primary Course	Primary Additional Dose*	Not Applicable	Booster Course Completed*	Primary Course Completed
Course 2	Booster Dose	Not Recommended_	Booster Course Completed_	Booster Course Completed

^{*} A primary additional dose given to a person who is 5+ year of age and is not immunocompromised is incorrect and is in fact a booster dose

Methodology



- Data were provided by OCIO based on data in the data lake PROD environment (includes COVAX registered vaccinations and GP administered vaccinations).
- <u>DENOMINATOR USE</u>: In this report, uptake is calculated based on Census 2022 population. See https://www.cso.ie/en/releasesandpublications/ep/p-cpsr/censusofpopulation2022-summaryresults/populationchanges/

Summary Findings



Between 01/03/2024 and 02/06/2024 (last date of the sixth week of the Spring 2024 COVID-19 vaccination campaign)

- 1,130 primary course completions were recorded;
- 142 individuals have yet to complete their primary course;
- 126,916 booster course completions were reported;
- Booster course completion uptake among 70-79 year-olds was 11.7% and among 80+ year olds, it was 38.2%;
- 53.6% of booster doses were administered in GP clinics, 21.1% in HSE clinics and 25.3% in pharmacies;
- 99.8% of all booster courses completed were Pfizer BioNTech Comirnaty Omicron XBB.1.5;
- Uptake was highest at 17.8% among 70–79-year-olds in Co. Wexford and 51.5% among 80+ years olds in Co. Wicklow;
- Uptake among residential care facility residents was highest in Co. Dublin, accounting for 31.2% of booster courses completed;
- Uptake among the immunocompromised was highest in Co. Dublin at 33.2% and in Co. Cork at 18.4% of booster courses completed;
- 212 booster completed courses among pregnant women aged between 18 and 59 years.

COVID-19 vaccination course completions administered between 01/03/2024 and 02/06/2024, midnight



Primary courses

• Between 01/03/2024 and 02/06/2024, a total of 1,130 primary course completions were recorded. There are 142 individuals who have yet to complete their primary course. During the sixth week of the campaign, 27/05/2024 to 02/06/2024, a total of a total of 169 primary course completions were recorded.

Booster courses

• Between 01/03/2024 and 02/06/2024, there were 126,916 booster course completions. During the sixth week of the campaign, 27/05/2024 to 02/06/2024, a total of a total of 17,148 booster course completions were recorded.

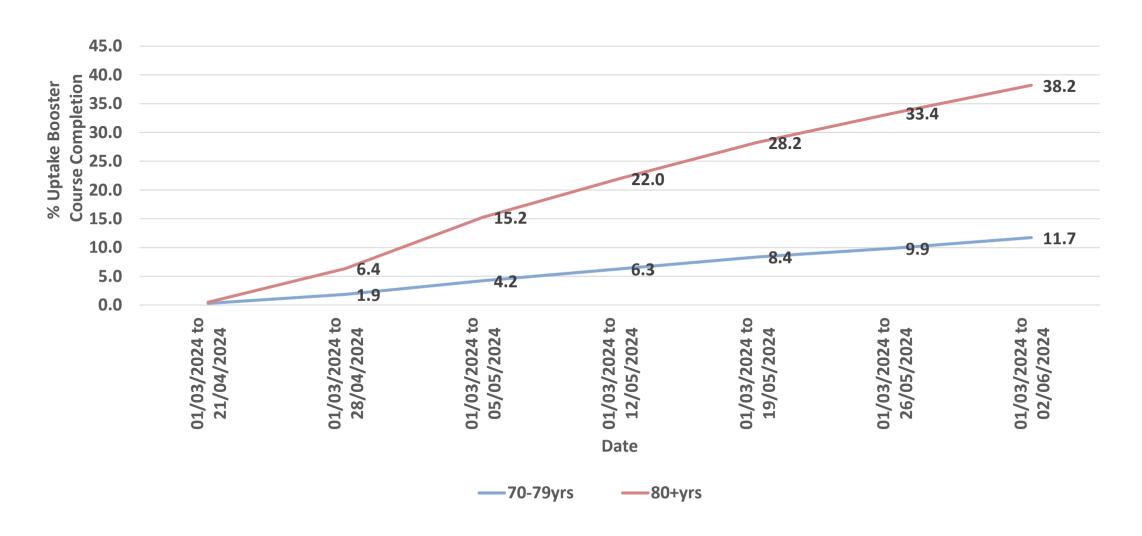


COVID-19 Booster Course Completions by Age Group between 01/03/2024 and 02/06/2024, midnight

Age Group	No. Boosters	Census 2022 Population	No. Booster doses % Uptake Population Census 2022
All Ages	126542	5149139	2.46
6months+	126542	5120241	2.47
6months-49yrs	3332	3424088	0.10
5+yrs	126542	4853724	2.61
12+yrs	126503	4361794	2.90
12-17yrs	49	431222	0.01
18+yrs	126454	3930572	3.22
50+yrs	123210	1696153	7.26
60+yrs	119434	1048985	11.39
50-69yrs	12157	1157982	1.05
65+yrs	116174	776315	14.96
70+yrs	111053	538171	20.64
5-11yrs	39	491930	0.01
12-69yrs	15450	3823623	0.40
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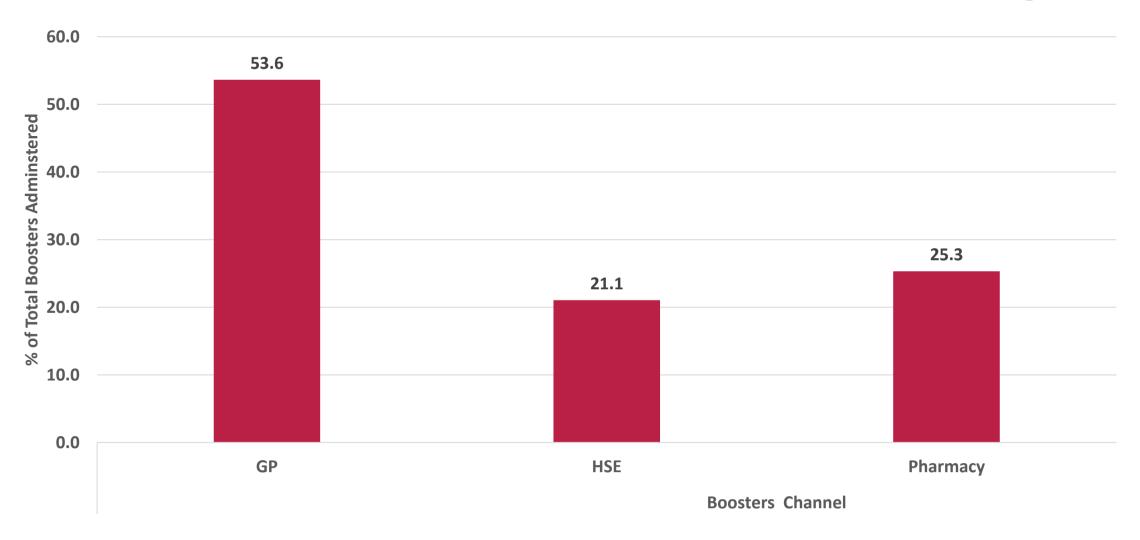
Percentage of Spring 2024 Booster Completed Courses by Age Group and Week administered between 01/03/2024 and 02/06/2024, midnight





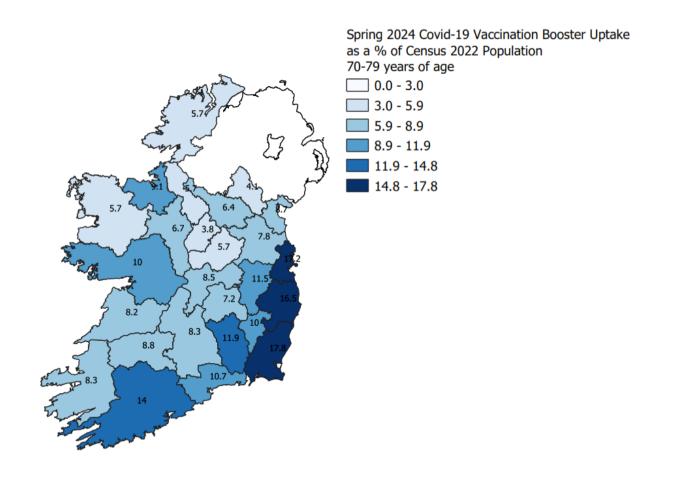
Percentage of Spring 2024 Booster Completed Courses by Distribution Channel administered between 01/03/2024 and 02/06/2024, midnight





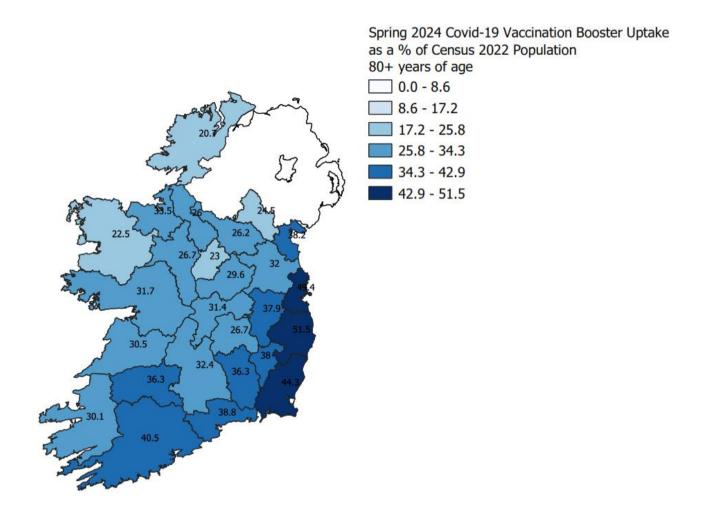












Uptake of Spring 2024 Booster Doses Among Fair Deal residents in residential care facilities from 01/03/2024 to 04/06/2024



528 residential care facilities were identified from the matched dataset.

COVID-19 Vaccination Uptake

- Overall uptake was 76.9% with 9 (1.7%) of the 528 RCFs reporting 100% uptake.
- There were 10 locations (1.9%) where no vaccinations were reported, or uptake was <=10%
- 177 out of 528 RCFs (33.5%) RCFs had an uptake range between >10% and <75%, 271 RCFs (51.3%) had an uptake range between >75% and <90% and 11.6% had an uptake range between >90% and <100%.
- Overall uptake ranged from 58.8% in county Longford to 83.7% in county Leitrim.
- CHO 8 reported the lowest uptake at 73.1% and CHO 9 reported the highest at 80.5%.

Acknowledgements



Sincere thanks to the following for providing the data for this report:

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- Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO)
- HSE Integrated Information Services (IIS) and COVAX Implementation team of Salesforce, IBM, PWC, EY
- HSE procurement/acute hospitals/CHOs/vaccinating teams and administrators/IT staff
- HSE Health Intelligence, Strategic Planning & Transformation Unit
- NHSS for Fair Deal Resident Data
- HR-Sap for HSE HCW Data







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Caveats



- Uptake data reported refers to the period up to midnight of the last day of the latest epidemiological week
 Monday to Sunday.
- Where county and/or age group calculation of estimated uptake exceeds 100% due to data capture issues within Coax or where the numerator exceeds the population estimate/denominator then the uptake will be rounded down to 99.9% (unless otherwise indicated in the report).
- Total reported doses in this report now includes all vaccination doses on the IIS/COVAX data system, including those received abroad by Irish residents.
- \circ Reported figures excludes vaccination records where the death of the individual has been recorded.
- While data is presented in terms of total number of people receiving boosters as a proportion of total population, it should be noted that not all people within these populations will be eligible for vaccination at a given time for example if they have recently had COVID-19 infection.
- It was not possible to accurately summarise the number of individuals aged between 6 months and 4 years and between 5 and 11 years with underlying medical conditions and therefore eligible for primary vaccination because those details in the IIS/COVAX extract are combined in a complex way with target groupings.