



Weekly report on the epidemiology of COVID-19 in Ireland

Week 5, 2023

- The epidemiological weeks in this report, run from Sunday to Saturday. Please refer to the HPSC website for a complete list of epidemiological weeks with start and end dates for 2020-2023.
- Data for this report are based on cases notified on the Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting (CIDR) and HSE Positive Antigen Portal up to midnight 04/02/2023. Data were extracted from CIDR system on 07/02/2023. Data are provisional and subject to ongoing review, validation and update. As a result, figures in this report may differ from previously published figures.
- A confirmed case of COVID-19 is any person for whom SARS-CoV-2 is detected by PCR. At
 present, antigen testing undertaken outside the governance of the public laboratory service is not
 recognised for the purpose of notification of COVID-19. For surveillance purposes, a selfadministered positive antigen test registered on the HSE Antigen Portal is not considered to be a
 confirmed COVID-19 case as it is not subject to data validation and linkage to previous or
 subsequent PCR results is not feasible.
- In this report, confirmed cases notified on CIDR and cases who have registered a positive antigen test result on the HSE Antigen Portal are presented separately.
- Data from both sources (CIDR and the HSE Antigen Portal) should be interpreted in the context
 of the current testing policy. Testing policies can affect the number and age distribution of
 confirmed cases notified on CIDR. Information on the current testing policy in Ireland can be
 found here

Key points

Notified confirmed cases

- In week 5 (between January 29 and February 04 2023) there were 745 new confirmed COVID-19 cases reported on CIDR. This is a decrease of 12.2% compared to week 4 when there were 849 confirmed COVID-19 cases notified.
- The highest number of new confirmed COVID-19 cases in week 5 was in the age group of 35-44 years with 16.5% of notified cases in week 5.

Laboratory data of SARS-CoV-2 PCR tests

• In week 5, a total of 10,993 SARS-CoV-2 tests were performed, of which 827 (7.5%) were positive. This is a decrease compared to the previous week, 4, when 8.7% were positive.

Self-reported antigen positive cases

• In week 5, a total of 1,618 positive antigen test results were registered on the HSE Positive Antigen Portal. This is a decrease of 5.9% reported results compared to week 4 when 1,719 cases were registered.

Deaths

• Since the start of the pandemic 8,602 COVID-19 deaths among notified COVID-19 cases have been reported on CIDR. Of these, 7 had a date of death in week 5.

	Week 5, 2023		Total 2023		
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	
Total number of confirmed cases	745		7,920		
Incidence rate of confirmed cases per 100,000 population	15.6		166.3		
Healthcare workers	n/a**		571	7.21	
Healthcare workers where known				23.36	
Severe cases					
Number of cases hospitalised	178*	23.89	1,952*	24.65	
Number of cases admitted to ICU	0*	0.00	29*	0.37	
Number of deaths among confirmed cases	20*	2.68	99*	1.25	

 Table 1: Summary characteristics of COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland during week 5, 2023 and 2023 to date

* The number of cases hospitalised, cases admitted to ICU and deaths described in the above table relate only to COVID-19 cases who were notified during this reporting period, and where the outcome is known at the time of reporting. It does not reflect all hospitalisations, ICU admissions and deaths related to COVID-19 which occurred during the period covered by the report. It also does not reflect the final number of cases hospitalised, admitted to ICU or deaths for these cases notified during this period as the outcome may not yet have occurred, or is yet to be notified

** Healthcare worker status is not reported this week due to a delay in the uploading of this information to CIDR

Confirmed cases of COVID-19

Since the start of 2023, 7,920 confirmed COVID-19 cases have been notified on CIDR. In the past week, week 5 2023, 745 confirmed COVID-19 cases were reported on CIDR. This is a decrease of 12.2% compared to week 4 when 849 confirmed COVID-19 cases were notified. Figure 1 shows the epidemiological curve of COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland from week 1 2022 to week 5 2023. Data since the start of the pandemic is available on the Epidemiology of COVID-19 in Ireland infohub.

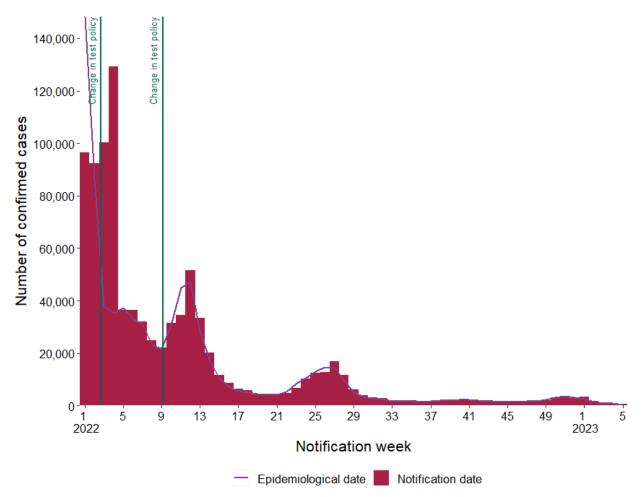


Figure 1a: Number of confirmed COVID-19 cases by notification week and epidemiological date in Ireland between week 1, 2022 and week 5, 2023. The red bars represent the number of confirmed cases by notification date. The purple line represents the number of cases by epidemiological date. The dark blue horizontal lines indicate a change in test policy^{1 2 3}

¹ Since 14/01/2022 (week 2, 2022), a confirmatory PCR test after a positive antigen test was no longer needed for those in the community aged between 4 and 39 years of age outside of a risk group.

² Since 28/02/2022 (week 9, 2022), PCR testing was only needed for symptomatic people in the community within certain risk groups: those who have not had booster vaccination and are aged 55 years and older; those with a high-risk medical conditions; those who are immunocompromised; those who live in the same household as a person who is immunocompromised; those who provide care or support for person they know to be immunocompromised; those who are pregnant; Healthcare Workers.

³ Data for late December 2021 and January 2022 do not accurately reflect trends. Due to a surge in case numbers the turnaround time for processing notifications increased. Notifications between 19/12/2021 and 15/01/2022 (week 51, 2021 to week 2, 2022) are reduced, while notifications between 16/01/2022 and 29/01/2022 (weeks 3 and 4, 2022) are inflated compared to cases diagnosed during these weeks.

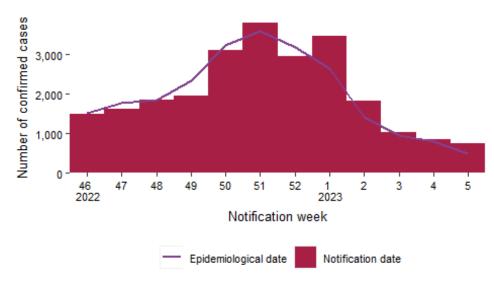
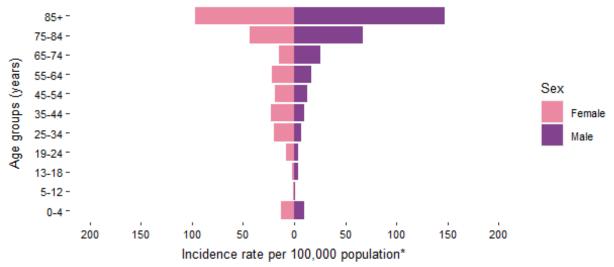


Figure 1b: Number of confirmed COVID-19 cases by notification week and epidemiological date in Ireland in the last 12 weeks. The red bars represent the number of confirmed cases by notification date. The purple line represents the number of cases by epidemiological date.

Confirmed COVID-19 cases by age and sex

 Table 2: Summary characteristics by age and sex of COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland during week 5, 2023 and 2023 to date

	Week	5, 2023	Tota	al 2023
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Gender				
Males	320	43.0	3,117	39.4
Females	424	56.9	4,802	60.6
M:F ratio	0.75		0.65	
Age (years)				
Mean age	53		53	
Median age	52		52	
Age range	0 - 102		0 - 102	
Age groups (years)				
0-4	36	4.8	246	3.1
5-12	7	0.9	95	1.2
13-18	11	1.5	105	1.3
19-24	20	2.7	345	4.4
25-34	91	12.2	989	12.5
35-44	123	16.5	1,252	15.8
45-54	99	13.3	1,181	14.9
55-64	99	13.3	1,057	13.3
65-74	75	10.1	821	10.4
75-84	107	14.4	1,043	13.2
85+	77	10.3	786	9.9
Unknown	NA	0.0	0	0.0



*Excluding 0 for whom age is unknown, 1 for whom sex is unknown and 0 for whom both are unknown

Figure 2: Cumulative age and sex specific incidence rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population for current week 5, 2023

85+ ⁻	312	453	339	457	244	206	142	114
75-84 ⁻	156	209	177	185	141	91	60	54
65-74 ⁻	69	93	73	90	52	27	31	20
55-64 ⁻	79	102	77	88	52	28	21	19
(sreation (state) (sta	86	103	75	90	39	23	20	16
) dn 35-44-	81	99	71	79	38	19	16	16
ත භූ 25-34- ජ	82	85	68	78	33	13	12	14
19-24 ⁻	39	42	38	54	28	9	7	6
13-18 ⁻	9	9	6	11	6	5	3	3
5-12 ⁻	8	7	6	6	4	2	4	1
0-4-	17	21	24	28	15	10	11	11
	50	51	52	1 Notificati	2 on week	3	4	5

Figure 3: Heat map of weekly age-specific incidence rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population in Ireland for the last 8 weeks

Cases and incidence by county

 Table 3: Characteristics of confirmed COVID-19 cases by county and descending incidence rate per 100,000 notified in Ireland, during week 5, 2023*

County	Number of cases	Percent	Incidence rate per 100,000
Leitrim	10	1.3	31.2
Louth	35	4.7	27.2
Sligo	17	2.3	25.9
Carlow	14	1.9	24.6
Kilkenny	21	2.8	21.2
Westmeath	18	2.4	20.3
Roscommon	12	1.6	18.6
Wexford	27	3.6	18.0
Dublin	240	32.2	17.8
Wicklow	25	3.4	17.6
Offaly	13	1.7	16.7
Laois	14	1.9	16.5
Tipperary	26	3.5	16.3
Cork	83	11.1	15.3
Clare	17	2.3	14.3
Kerry	21	2.8	14.2
Waterford	16	2.1	13.8
Limerick	25	3.4	12.8
Meath	24	3.2	12.3
Longford	5	0.7	12.2
Cavan	9	1.2	11.8
Donegal	16	2.1	10.1
Monaghan	6	0.8	9.8
Kildare	21	2.8	9.4
Galway	20	2.7	7.8
Мауо	10	1.3	7.7

* County data may not be accurately reflected in the most recent week due to ongoing data validations

	Carlow-	69	121	104	95	51	26	18	25
	Cavan-	56	84	104	92	58	24	16	12
	Clare -	53	49	50	56	36	28	10	14
	Cork-	45	70	69	85	34	20	18	15
	Donegal-	73	60	84	90	66	32	27	10
	Dublin -	68	76	45	56	35	17	16	18
	Galway-	45	67	44	62	31	19	12	8
	Kerry-	38	34	35	74	54	18	26	14
	Kildare -	91	81	63	72	33	17	12	9
	Kilkenny-	116	111	114	116	66	32	30	21
	Laois-	66	112	76	107	35	13	27	17
~	Leitrim-	75	112	81	84	47	19	3	31
County	Limerick-	86	82	78	73	30	21	21	13
5	Longford -	24	49	56	76	34	32	2	12
0	Louth-	100	109	77	44	26	25	9	27
	Mayo-	38	33	38	54	34	18	13	8
	Meath-	57	62	34	69	20	14	19	12
	Monaghan -	57	62	46	41	20	10	5	10
	Offaly-	54	78	82	90	65	47	31	17
Ro	oscommon-	40	65	43	84	54	19	17	19
	Sligo-	64	125	64	140	41	24	17	26
	Tipperary -	98	103	86	98	44	29	28	16
	Waterford -	91	190	134	121	63	28	26	14
V	Vestmeath -	62	115	82	99	51	35	25	20
	Wexford -	59	118	86	82	47	34	20	18
	Wicklow-	72	72	60	53	25	27	13	18
		50	51	52	1	2	່່	4	5
					Notificati	on week			

Figure 4: Heat map of weekly incidence rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population, by county, notified in Ireland for the last 8 weeks

Hospitalisations

A total of 178 hospitalised confirmed COVID-19 cases were recorded in the latest epidemiological week, week 5 2023.

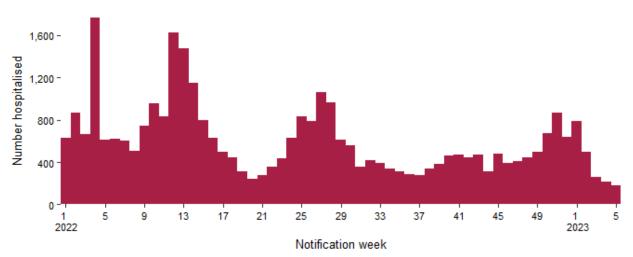


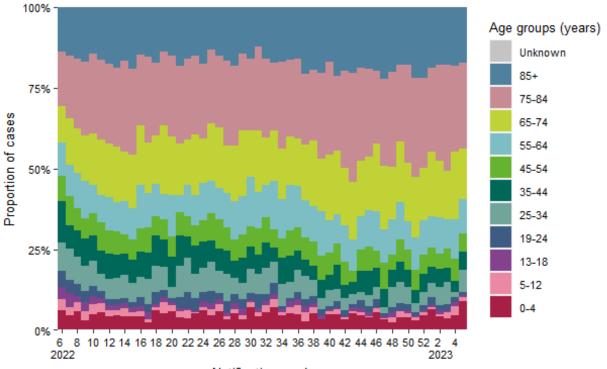
Figure 5: Hospitalisations among confirmed COVID-19 cases notified on CIDR in Ireland between week 1, 2022 and week 5, 2023

Table 4: Number of COVID-19 cases and hospital admissions by age group in Ireland for week⁴ 5, 2023 based on week of notification⁵

		Week 5, 2023	Total 2023			
	Total cases	Hospitali	Hospitalised cases		Hospitalised cases	
Age group	Number of cases	Number of cases	Percentage	Number of cases	Number of cases	Percentage
0-4	36	16	44.4	246	107	43.5
5-12	7	2	28.6	95	21	22.1
13-18	11	1	9.1	105	18	17.1
19-24	20	2	10.0	345	37	10.7
25-34	91	12	13.2	989	97	9.8
35-44	123	10	8.1	1,252	95	7.6
45-54	99	10	10.1	1,181	113	9.6
55-64	99	19	19.2	1,057	201	19.0
65-74	75	28	37.3	821	362	44.1
75-84	107	47	43.9	1,043	545	52.3
85+	77	31	40.3	786	356	45.3
Unknown	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0

⁴ Hospitalisations may be underestimated for recent weeks as the outcome may not yet have occurred or may not yet have been reported to CIDR

⁵ Data are based on the date the case was notified on CIDR, and not the date of hospital admission



Notification week

Figure 6: Age distribution of hospitalised confirmed COVID-19 cases notified on CIDR in Ireland between week 6, 2022 and week 5, 2023

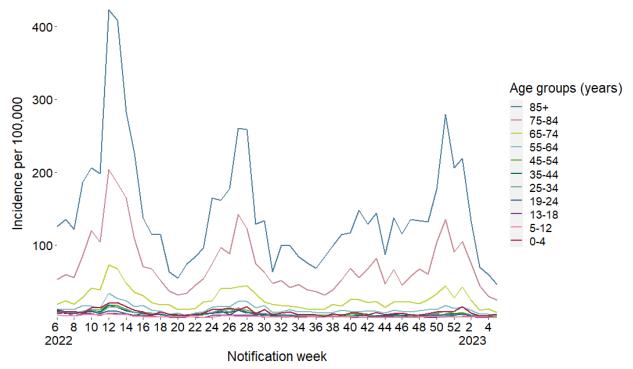


Figure 7: Incidence rate by age group of hospitalisations among confirmed COVID-19 cases on CIDR in Ireland between week 6, 2022 and week 5, 2023

ICU admissions

A total of 0 COVID-19 cases were admitted to ICU in the latest epidemiological week⁶, week 5 2023.

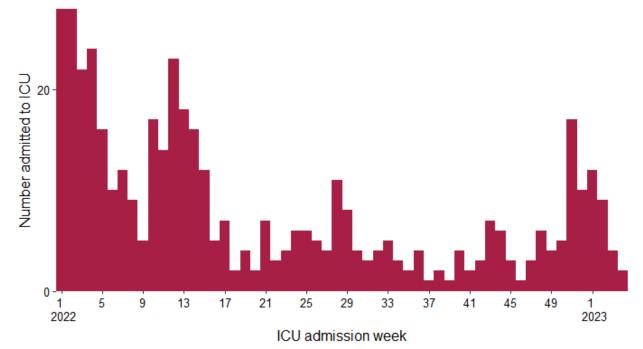


Figure 8: Number of ICU COVID-19 ICU admissions in Ireland by week of ICU admission, between week 1, 2022 and week 5, 2023⁶

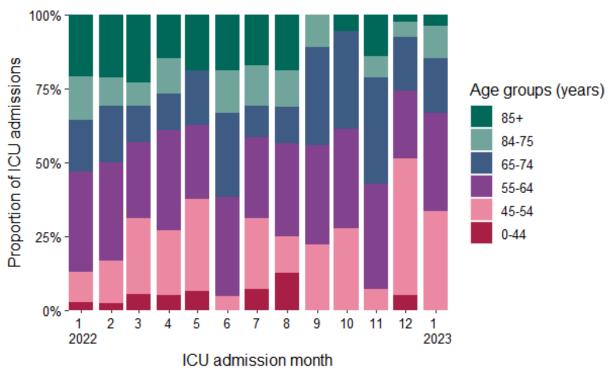


Figure 9: Age distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases admitted to by month of admission January, 2021 and January, 2023

⁶ Please note that most recent weeks may not yet reflect all admissions

Deaths

Please note the below figures and tables include all cases (confirmed, probable and possible) who have died.

A total of 7 cases had a date of death in the latest epidemiological week, 5. The mean and median age of those who died in the previous epidemiological week was 74 and 76 years respectively.



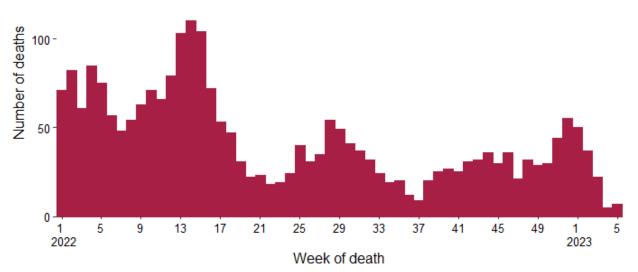


Figure 10: Total number of COVID-19 deaths notified by week of death, cases with a date of notification from week 1, 2022 to 5, 2023⁷. Date of death missing for 0 of the reported deaths

⁷ Please note that most recent weeks may not yet reflect all deaths

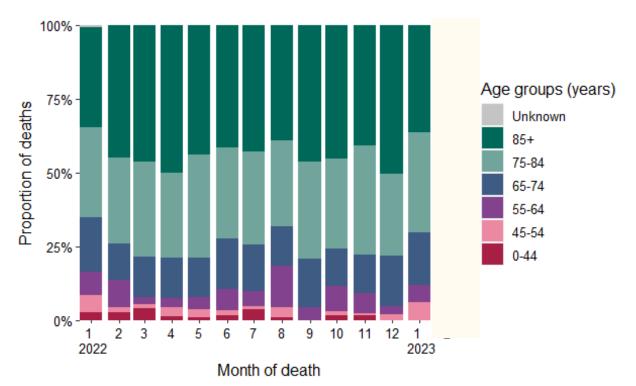


Figure 11: Age distribution of COVID-19 deaths notified on CIDR in Ireland between January, 2022 and January, 2023

Laboratory data of SARS-CoV-2 PCR tests

In week 5, a total of 10,993 SARS-CoV-2 tests were performed, of which 827 (7.5%) were positive.

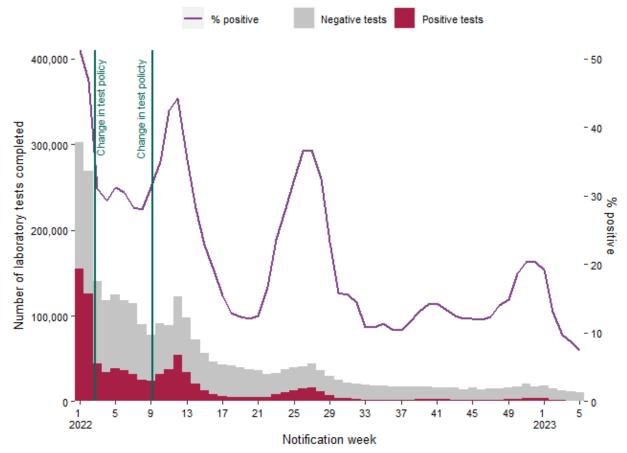


Figure 12: Number of completed laboratory tests by result and % positive tests⁸ in Ireland between week 1, 2022 and week 5, 2023. Data source: Deloitte Ireland LLP⁹, ¹⁰

⁸ Positive tests refer to all positive specimens and includes duplicates and individuals who were retested.

⁹ Since 14/01/2022 (week 2), a confirmatory PCR test after a positive antigen test was no longer needed for those in the community aged between 4 and 39 years of age outside of a risk group.

¹⁰ Since 28/02/2022 (week 9), PCR testing is only needed for symptomatic people in the community within certain risk groups: those who have not had booster vaccination and are aged 55 years and older; those with a high-risk medical conditions; those who are immunocompromised; those who live in the same household as a person who is immunocompromised; those who provide care or support for person they know to be immunocompromised; those who are pregnant; Healthcare Workers.

Self-reported antigen positive cases

The following figures and tables are based on cases who registered a self-administered positive antigen test on the HSE Positive Antigen Portal. The are not considered confirmed cases and have undergone no data validation.

Table 5: Characteristics of COVID-19 cases who registered a positive antigen test to the HSE Positive Antigen Portal	
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	Week	5, 2023	Total 2023		
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	
Total number of registered cases	1,618		15,096		
Incidence rate of registered cases per 100,000 population	34		317		
Gender					
Males	476	29.4	4,840	32.1	
Females	1,074	66.4	9,951	65.9	
M:F ratio	0.44		0.49		
Age (years)					
Mean age	38		40		
Median age	39		40		
Age range	1 - 89		0 - 101		

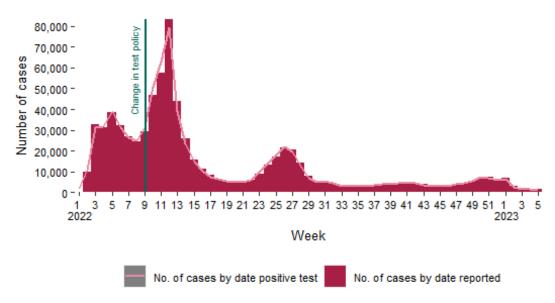


Figure 13: Number of COVID-19 cases who registered a positive antigen test on the HSE Positive Antigen Portal by week of registration¹¹, and week of epidemiological date in Ireland between week 1, 2022 and week 5, 2023¹²

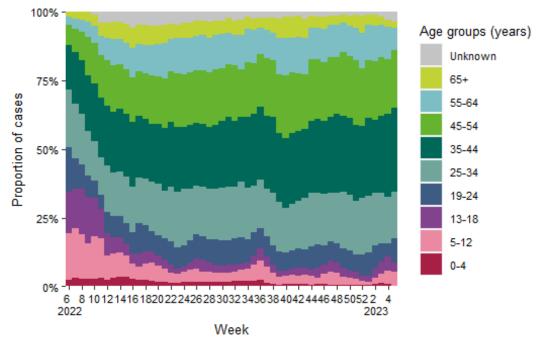


Figure 14: Age distribution of COVID-19 cases who registered a positive antigen test on the HSE Positive Antigen Portal by week of registration¹³ in Ireland between week 2⁸ , 2022 and week 5, 2023

¹² Some cases reported a date of positive test much earlier than the date it was registered in the portal. Dates of positive test earlier than week 1, 2022 are not shown in the number of case by date of positive test. Dates of positive test which erronously were reported to be later than the current epi week are excluded.

¹¹ Reporting to the HSE Positive Antigen Portal commenced on Friday 14th January 2022, and therefore week 2 only includes 2 days.

¹³ Please note, the week of registration on the HSE Positive Antigen Portal may differ from the week the positive test was obtained.

Notes

Technical Notes

1. Data Source

Data are based on statutory notifications and were extracted from Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting (CIDR) system and the HSE COVID care tracker. Data are provisional and subject to ongoing review, validation and update. As a result, figures in this report may differ from previously published figures. Slide with Laboratory testing for SARS-CoV-2 data provided by Deloitte Ireland LLP

2. Epidemiological date

Epidemiological date is based on the earliest of dates available on the case and taken from date of onset of symptoms, date of diagnosis, laboratory specimen collection date, laboratory received date, laboratory reported date or event creation date/notification date on CIDR. By using this date rather than event creation/ notification date, adjusts for any delays in testing/notification. Further information on epidemiological dates and weeks can be found on the HPSC website.

3. Population data

Population data were taken from Census 2016. Data were aggregated into the following age groups for the analysis: 0-4 years, 5-12 years, 13-18 years, 19-24 years, 25-34 years, 35-44 years, 45-54 years, 55-64 years, 65-74 years, 75-84 years and \geq 85 years.

Acknowledgements

Sincere thanks are extended to all those who are participating in the collection of data and reporting of data used in these reports. This includes the HSE COVID-19 Contact Management Programme (CMP), staff in ICU units, notifying clinicians, laboratory staff, public health doctors, nurses, surveillance scientists, microbiologists and administrative staff.

Please refer to the Health Protection Surveillance (HPSC) website for

- Epidemiology of COVID-19 in Ireland infohub
- Outbreaks/clusters in Ireland COVID-19 weekly report
- Monthly report on COVID-19 deaths reported in Ireland
- SARS-CoV-2 wastewater surveillance programme weekly reports
- Virus variants in Ireland COVID-19 summary report
- Epidemiology of intensive care admissions in cases of COVID-19 in Ireland